

Safety Data Sheet According to Regulation (EU) 830/2015

3242 **n-Hexane 95%**

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Name:

n-Hexane 95%

REACH Registration Number: 01-2119480412-44-XXXX **1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:**

Use as laboratory chemicals. Chemical analysis

1.3 Identification of the company or firm:

PANREAC QUIMICA S.L.U. C/Garraf 2 Polígono Pla de la Bruguera E-08211 Castellar del Vallès (Barcelona) Spain Tel. (+34) 937 489 400

e-mail: product.safety@panreac.com

1.4 Emergency telephone:

Single telephone number for emergency calls: 112 (EU)

2. Identification of dangers

2.1 Classification of the substance or the mixture.

Flam. Liq. 2 Skin Irrit. 2 STOT RE 2 Repr. 2 Asp. Tox. 1 STOT SE 3 Aquatic Chronic 2

2.2 Label elements:

Hazard Pictograms



Signal word

Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

 $P301 + P310\;$ IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P501 Dispose of contents/container according to Directive 94/62/CE or 2008/98/CE.

2.3 Other hazards:

No further relevant information available.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Name: n-Hexane 95%

Formula: C6H14 M.= 86,18 CAS [110-54-3]

EC number (EINECS): 203-777-6 EC index number: 601-037-00-0

REACH Registration Number: 01-2119480412-44-XXXX

3.2 Mixtures

4. First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Never provide drink or induce vomiting in the event of loss of consciousness.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No further relevant information available.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Swallowing:

Wash mouth out immediately. Call for medical help. Do not induce vomiting.

- · Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: See Section 11 for more information.
- · Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

No further relevant information available.

Inhaling:

Take the person out into the fresh air. In the event of suffocation, proceed immediately to provide artificial respiration. Seek immediate medical assistance.

Contact with the skin:

Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing.

Eyes:

Wash with plenty of water, keeping eyelids open. Seek medical assistance.

5. Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media:

Alcohol resistant foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

Flammable. Keep away from sources of ignition. The fumes are heavier than air, so they may spread at floor level. Auf Rückzündung achten In the event of fire, toxic fumes may form: CO y CO2.

5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Suitable clothing and footwear. Self-contained breathing equipment. Cool the recipients with water.

6. Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Do not inhale the fumes. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid sources of ignition. Do not smoke. Ensure good ventilation and renewal of the air in the premises.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Do not allow it to enter the drainage system. Avoid pollution of the soil, water supplies and drains.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Collect up with absorbent materials (Panreac General Absorbent, Kieselguhr, etc.) or, if none available, dry sand or earth, and deposit in waste containers for subsequent elimination in accordance with current legislation. Clean any remains with plenty of water.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Not applicable

7. Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

Avoid the formation of electrostatic charges. Handle under an extractor fan. Avoid breathing dust, fume, gas, mist, vapours or spray. Use personal protective equipment as required.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Well sealed containers. In a cool, dry, well ventilated place. Away from sources of ignition and heat. Do not store in plastic containers.

Recommended storage temperature: Room temperature. Storage class: 3 Technical instructions (air): Highly flammable.

7.3 Specific end use(s):

No further relevant information available.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No more relevant data available

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters:

ECTLV: 20 ppm = 72 mg/m3 VLA-ED(Spain): 20 ppm = 72 mg/m3 VLA-ED(Germany): 50 ppm = 180 mg/m3 Factor for short-term value(Germany): 8

8.2 Exposure controls

Ensure good ventilation and renewal of the air in the premises.

Respiratory protection:

In the event of fumes forming/aerosols, use suitable respiratory protection. Filter A.

Hand protection:

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

· Material of gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

· Penetration time of glove material

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

\cdot For the permanent contact gloves made of the following materials are suitable:

Material: Nitrile rubber, NBR Recommended thickness of the material: >= 0.4 mm Breakthrough time: >= 480 min.

\cdot As protection from splashes gloves made of the following materials are suitable:

Material: Chloroprene. Recommended thickness of the material: >= 0.5 mm Breakthrough time: >= 60 min.

Eye/face protection:

Use safety glasses.

Individual hygiene measures:

Remove contaminated clothing. Use suitable work clothing. Wash hands before breaks and when the job is done.

Environmental exposure controls:

Avoid pollution of the soil, water supplies and drains.

9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance: liquid Colour: Colourless Granulometry: N/A Odour: Characteristic.

pH: N/A

Melting point/freezing point: -95 °C

Initial boiling point and boiling range: 69 °C

Flash point: - 22 °C Flammability (solid, gas):

NI/Δ

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: 7,4 %(V) / 1,1 %(V)

Vapour pressure: 160 hPa (20 °C)

Vapour density: N/A

Relative density: (20/4) 0,6603 g/ml Solubility: Inmiscible with water. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:

N/A

Auto-ignition temperature: 240 $^{\circ}$ C Decomposition temperature: N/A

Kinematic viscosity: N/A

Dynamic viscosity: 0,31 mPa.s (25 °C)

9.2 Other information

No more relevant data available

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No specific data.

10.2 Chemical stability:

The gases/fumes can form explosive mixtures with the air.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No specific data.

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

High temperatures.

10.5 Incompatible materials:

Strong oxidant agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

No specific data.

11. Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity:

LD50 oral rat : 25.000 mg/kg LD50 skn rbt : > 2.000 mg/kg LC50 inh rat : 171,6 mg/l 4h

Dangerous effects for health:

Skin corrosion/irritation: Irritations to the skin and mucosae. Serious eye damage/irritation: irritations, sight disorders Respiratory or skin sensitisation: Data not available. Germ cell mutagenicity: The results of test are negative. Carcinogenicity: Data not available. Reproductive toxicity: Possible toxic for reproduction. STOT- single exposure: May cause:, drowsiness, vertigo STOT-repeated exposure: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Aspiration hazard: May cause:, pulmonary oedema, pneumonia.

•Most important symptoms and effects acute: If inhaled: pulmonitis, pulmonary oedema Due to absorption: narcosis, tiredness If it is absorbed in large quantities: effects on the central nervous system, paralysis

12. Environmental information

12.1 Toxicity:

Acute toxicity for fish:

(Pimephales Promelas) LC50 2,5 mg/l (96h)

Acute toxicity for aquatic invertebrates:

(Daphnia magna) EC50 2,1 mg/l (48h)

12.2 Persistence and Degradability:

Data not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

log Pow = 4.11

Possibly bioaccumulable product.

12.4 Mobility in soil:

Data not available.

12.5 Assessment PBT and MPMB:

According to Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH): Does not meet the criteria for PBT (persistent / bioaccumulative / toxic). According to Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH): Does not meet the criteria vPvB (very persistent / very bioaccumulative).

12.6 Other adverse effects:

Do not allow it to enter soils or water channels. Risk of formation of explosive fumes on the surface of the water.

12.7 General notes:

· Water hazard class:

(German Regulation) (Assessment by list):

2 hazardous for water.

(Dutch Regulation):

6 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

13. Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods:

In the European Union, there are no homogeneous standards established for elimination of chemical waste, which is waste of a special nature, and treatment and elimination of same is subject to the domestic legislation in each country. In view of this, in each case, you should contact the competent authority or those companies legally authorized for elimination of waste. 2001/573/EC: Council Decision of 23 July 2001 amending Commission Decision 2000/532/EC as regards the list of wastes. Council Directive 91/156/EEC of 18 March 1991 amending Directive 75/442/EEC on waste.

Contaminated containers:

Contaminated containers and packaging of dangerous substances or preparations must be treated in the same manner as the actual products contained in them. European Parliament and Council Directive 94/62/EC of 20 December 1994 on packaging and packaging waste.

14. Transport information

14.1 UN number

UN1208

14.2 UN proper shipping name

HEXANES

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

3

14.4 Packing group

ADR/IMDG: II IATA: II

14.5 Environmental hazards

PELIG.M.AMB

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code Not applicable

15. Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Categorized as hydrocarbon substance.

For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

Not applicable

16. Other information

Other precautionary statements

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Version and revision date: 6 11.05.2018

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In respect of the previous review, changes have been made to the following

sections: 1

The information included in this Safety Data Sheet is based on our most up-to-date knowledge, and is solely intended to inform regarding aspects of safety; the properties and characteristics indicated herein are not guaranteed.