

## Specification

**E-64**

**A2157**

<b>Physical Description:</b>	Solid
<b>Product Code:</b>	A2157
<b>Product Name:</b>	E-64
<b>Specifications:</b>	Assay (HPLC): min. 99 % $\alpha$ 23°C/D; 1 %, 0.1 M HCl: +21° - +26° Solubility (2 %; H <sub>2</sub> O): clear, colorless
<b>WGK:</b>	1
<b>Storage:</b>	-20°C
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>27</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>5</sub>
<b>M:</b>	357.40 g/mol
<b>CAS:</b>	66701-25-5
<b>CS:</b>	29251995
<b>Comment</b>	<p>E-64 is an irreversible inhibitor of different cysteine proteases (papain, bromelain, ficin, cathepsin B, H and L, tumor-cathepsin, calpain, V-CATH from <i>Autographa californica</i> M nucleopolyhedro virus (AcMNPV) and <i>Streptococcus</i>-protease). All enzymes are completely inhibited by a concentration of 10 - 30 µM within 30 minutes (1-5). E-64 and other protease inhibitors (e. g. diisopropylfluorophosphate and PMSF) are able to inhibit the programmed cell death, that is induced by activation of the T cell receptor in different cell lines of the immune system, not by blocking the signal transduction. The effect of dexamethason, which induces apoptosis as an antagonist of the T cell receptor, is enhanced (3, 4). If proteins are expressed in the baculo virus system with a functional <i>v-cath</i> gene, very often a proteolytic activity can be observed. This reduces the quality of the expressed protein significantly. The addition of E-64 to all reaction steps avoids the degradation almost completely (5). <b>Stability:</b> E-64 is stable against reducing agents. Stock solutions have concentrations between 1 mM and 10 mM in DMSO or 50 % ethanol and are stable for several days, if stored at +4°C (2). Aliquots may be stored at -20°C for approx. one month.</p>
<b>Bibliography</b>	<p>(1)Barrett, A.J. <i>et al.</i> (1981) <i>Acta biol. med. germ.</i> <b>40</b>, 1513-1517E-64 and related epoxides as inhibitors of cysteine proteinases. (2)Barrett, A.J. <i>et al.</i> (1982) <i>Biochem. J.</i> <b>201</b>, 189-198E-64 and its analogues as inhibitors of cysteine proteinases including cathepsins B, H and L. (3)Sarin, A. <i>et al.</i> (1993) <i>J. Exp. Med.</i> <b>178</b>, 1693-1700Protease inhibitors selectively block T cell receptor-triggered programmed cell death in a murine T cell hybridoma and activated peripheral T cells. (4)Sarin, A. <i>et al.</i> (1994) <i>J. Immunol.</i> <b>153</b>, 862-872Inhibition of activation-induced programmed cell death and restoration of defective immune response of HIV<sup>+</sup> donors by cysteine protease inhibitors. (5)Hom, L.G. &amp; Volkman, L.E. (1998) <i>BioTechniques</i> <b>25</b>, 18-20Preventing proteolytic artifacts in the baculovirus expression system.</p>

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