



## 1903 2-Methyl-2-Propanol

### 1. Identification of the substance/preparation and of the company or firm

#### 1.1 Identification of the substance or preparation

Name:

2-Methyl-2-Propanol

#### Synonym:

tert-Butanol, tert-Butyl Alcohol, Trimethylcarbinol

**REACH Registration Number:** 01-2119444321-51-XXXX

#### 1.2 Use of the substance/preparation:

For laboratory utilisation, analysis, research and fine chemistry.

#### 1.3 Identification of the company or firm:

PANREAC QUIMICA S.L.U.

C/Garraf 2

Polígono Pla de la Bruguera

E-08211 Castellar del Vallès

(Barcelona) Spain

Tel. (+34) 937 489 400

e-mail: [product.safety@panreac.com](mailto:product.safety@panreac.com)

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone:

Single telephone number for emergency calls: 112 (EU)

Tel.: (+34) 937 489 499

## 2. Identification of dangers

Classification of the substance or the mixture.

**Classification Regulation (CE) nº 1272/2008.**

Flam. Liq. 2

Acute Tox. 4

Eye Irrit. 2

STOT SE 3

#### Hazard Pictograms



#### Signal word

Danger

### **Hazard statements**

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
H332 Harmful if inhaled.  
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.  
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

### **Precautionary statements**

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.  
P233 Keep container tightly closed.  
P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.  
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/.../ equipment.  
P242 Use only non-sparking tools.  
P501 Dispose of contents/container according to Directive 94/62/CE or 2008/98/CE.

### **Classification (67/548/CEE or 1999/45/CE).**

<b>Xn</b> Harmful	R20
<b>F</b> Highly flammable	R11

For the full text of the R-phrases mentioned in this section, see section 16.

## **3. Component Composition/Information**

Name: 2-Methyl-2-Propanol

Formula: (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>COH M.= 74,12 CAS [75-65-0]

EC number (EINECS): 200-889-7

EC index number: 603-005-00-1

REACH Registration Number: 01-2119444321-51-XXXX

## **4. First aid**

### **4.1 General indications:**

Never provide drink or induce vomiting in the event of loss of consciousness.

### **4.2 Inhaling:**

Take the person out into the fresh air. In the event of suffocation, proceed to provide artificial respiration.

### **4.3 Contact with the skin:**

Wash with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing.

### **4.4 Eyes:**

Wash with plenty of water, keeping eyelids open. Seek medical assistance.

### **4.5 Swallowing:**

Drink large amounts of water. Induce vomiting. Seek medical assistance. Stomach lavage.

## **5. Fire-fighting means**

**5.1 Suitable fire-extinguishing means:**

Water. Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Foam. Dry powder.

**5.2 Fire-fighting means which must NOT be used:**

No specific data.

**5.3 Special risks:**

Flammable. Keep away from sources of ignition. The fumes are heavier than air, so they may spread at floor level. May form explosive mixtures with the air. In the event of fire, toxic fumes may form.

**5.4 Protective equipment:**

Suitable clothing and footwear.

**6. Measures to be taken in the event of accidental spillage****6.1 Individual precautions:**

Do not inhale the fumes. Ensure adequate ventilation.

**6.2 Precautions for care of the environment:**

Do not allow it to enter the drainage system. Avoid pollution of the soil, water supplies and drains.

**6.3 Methods for collection/cleaning:**

Collect up with absorbent materials (Panreac General Absorbent, Kieselguhr, etc.) or, if none available, dry sand or earth, and deposit in waste containers for subsequent elimination in accordance with current legislation. Clean any remains with plenty of water.

**7. Handling and storage****7.1 Handling:**

Avoid the formation of electrostatic charges.

**7.2 Storage:**

Well sealed containers. In well ventilated premises. Away from sources of ignition and heat. Room temperature.

**8. Staff exposure/protection controls****8.1 Technical protective measures:**

Ensure good ventilation and renewal of the air in the premises.

**8.2 Exposure limit control:**

VLA-EC: 150 ppm - 462 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

VLA-ED: 100 ppm - 308 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

**8.3 Respiratory protection:**

In the event of fumes forming/aerosols, use suitable respiratory protection. Filter A. Filter P.

**8.4 Hand protection:**

Use suitable gloves

### **8.5 Eye protection:**

Use suitable goggles.

### **8.6 Individual hygiene measures:**

Remove contaminated clothing. Use suitable work clothing. Wash hands and face before breaks and when the job is done.

### **8.7 Environmental exposure controls:**

Fulfill the commitments under local environmental protection legislation.

## **9. Physical and chemical properties**

Appearance: solid

Colour: Colourless or white

Granulometry: N/A

Odour: Characteristic.

pH:

N/A

Melting point/freezing point: 25,6 °C

Initial boiling point and boiling range: 82,4 °C

Flash point: 11 °C

Flammability (solid, gas):

N/A

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: 8 %(V) / 2,3 %(V)

Vapour pressure: 40 hPa (20 °C)

Vapour density: N/A

Relative density:

N/A

Solubility: Miscible with water

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:

N/A

Auto-ignition temperature: 470 °C

Decomposition temperature: N/A

Viscosity: N/A

## **10. Stability and reactivity**

### **10.1 Conditions which should be avoided:**

The product is chemically stable under standar ambient conditions (room temperature).

### **10.2 Matter which should be avoided:**

Alkaline metals. Alkali-earth metals. Strong oxidant agents. Aluminium.

### **10.3 Hazardous decomposition products:**

Peroxides.

### **10.4 Complementary information:**

The gases/fumes can form explosive mixtures with the air.

## **11. Toxicological information**

### **11.1 Acute toxicity:**

TDL0 oral mus : 103.000 mg/kg

LD50 oral rat : 3.500 mg/kg

LD50 ipr mus : 933 mg/kg

## **11.2 Dangerous effects for health:**

If fumes inhaled: Irritations to the respiratory tracts. Upon contact with the skin: irritations Can have a demoiaturizing effect on the skin, with the risk of secondary infection. Through contact with the eyes: Irritations to the mucosae sight disorders  
Due to absorption: Can cause effects on the central nervous system hypotension dizziness vertigo intoxication respiratory paralysis cardiovascular disorders narcosis Other dangerous characteristics are not discarded. Take the usual precautions for handling chemical products.

## **12. Environmental information**

### **12.1 Toxicity:**

12.1.1 - EC50 test (mg/l):

Classification:

12.1.2. - Receptor medium:

Risk for the water environment

Risk for the land environment

12.1.3. - Observations:

Ecotoxic data not available.

### **12.2 Persistence and Degradability :**

12.2.1 - Test:

12.2.2. - Biotic degradation classification:

BOD5/COD

Biodegradability

12.2.3. - Abiotic degradation depending on pH:

12.2.4. - Observations:

Data not available.

### **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:**

12.3.1. - Test:

12.3.2. - Bioaccumulation:

Risk

12.3.3. - Observations:

Data not available.

### **12.4 Mobility in soil :**

Data not available.

### **12.5 Assessment PBT and MPMB :**

Data not available.

### **12.6 Other possible effects on the environment:**

Do not allow it to enter soils or water channels.

## **13. Considerations regarding elimination**

### **13.1 Substance or preparation:**

In the European Union, there are no homogeneous standards established for elimination of chemical waste, which is waste of a special nature, and treatment and elimination of same is subject to the domestic legislation in each country.

In view of this, in each case, you should contact the competent authority or those companies legally authorized for elimination of waste.

2001/573/EC: Council Decision of 23 July 2001 amending Commission Decision 2000/532/EC as regards the list of wastes. Council Directive 91/156/EEC of 18 March 1991 amending Directive 75/442/EEC on waste.

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### **13.2 Contaminated containers:**

Contaminated containers and packaging of dangerous substances or preparations must be treated in the same manner as the actual products contained in them.

European Parliament and Council Directive 94/62/EC of 20 December 1994 on packaging and packaging waste.

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## **14. Information concerning transport**

Overland (ADR):

Technical name: BUTANOLS

UN 1120 Class: 3 Packaging group: II (D/E)

By sea (IMDG):

Technical name: BUTANOLS

UN 1120 Class: 3 Packaging group: II

By air (ICAI-IATA):

Technical name: Butanols

UN 1120 Class: 3 Packaging group: II

Packaging instructions: CAO 364 PAX 353

## **15. Regulatory information**

This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

## **16. Other information**

### **Other precautionary statements**

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash...thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use for extinction.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

